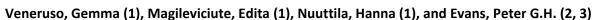


HABITAT USE & EFFECTS OF BOAT TRAFFIC ON BOTTLENOSE DOLPHINS AT NEW QUAY HARBOUR, CARDIGAN BAY



- (1) Sea Watch Foundation, Paragon House, Wellington Place, New Quay, Wales, SA45 9NR, UK
- (2) Sea Watch Foundation, Ewyn y Don, Bull Bay, Amlwch, Isle of Anglesey, Wales, LL68 9SD, UK
- (3) School of Ocean Sciences, University of Bangor, Menai Bridge, Isle of Anglsey, Wales, LL59 5AB,

Introduction

New Quay harbour in West Wales is known to be a hotspot for the Cardigan Bay bottlenose dolphin population. Land-based surveys were used to monitor the species at this site since 2005. Here, we investigate the presence of dolphins in the harbour over the 6-year period in relation to boat traffic. In addition, animal behaviour at the site and their reactions to boat encounters were investigated.

Methods

Land-based surveys from New Quay pier were conducted during May-October from 0700-2100 h, or when suitable weather and light conditions allowed. Watches consisted of two hour shifts, each split into eight 15 minute scans.

The presence of bottlenose dolphins (number of positive 15 minute scans) in the area has significantly increased (x²= 734.1937, df= 5, p<0.0001) since 2005 reaching a peak in 2008 with dolphins present in 45% of scans. Presence of the species has remained relatively stable since then.

Boat traffic at the site has fluctuated between years, showing no clear trend.

There is no significant correlation between dolphin presence and numbers of boats (Mann Whitney U Test, U = 21150, p = 0.7211).

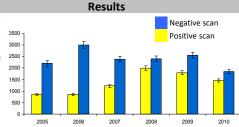


Figure 1: Numbers of positive (dolphins present) and negative 15 minute scan samples per year

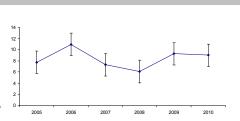


Figure 2: Number of boats present per hour

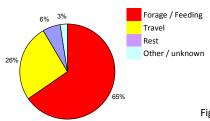


Figure 3: Behavioural budget

1% 0% 20% 37% 0% 6%

Figure 4: Distribution of sightings where animals were foraging or feeding

within the sample site In total, 2977 boat encounters were recorded between 2005 and 2010. Of these, only positive negative

neutral

bottlenose dolphins visit the site primarily for feeding. There seems to be a preference to feed at certain sites within the area.

Records of behaviour confirm that



19% resulted in a change in dolphin behaviour. Within these encounters, reactions were divided into positive responses (dolphins approach vessel), negative (dolphins move away from vessel) and neutral (no change in behaviour). Other types of behaviour were not included in this analysis.

resulted in a change in behaviou 25 20

% encounters that

SAIL, sail boat; SB, speedboat; VPB, visitor passenger boat

Figure 5: Dolphin responses to boat encounters Boat type: C. canoe: CF. commercial fishing boat: MB. motorboat: Boat behaviour: Y1. no wake speed/no erratic change in course:

Y2, slowed down gradually & stopped; N1, bow/wake speed, white-water visible; N2, Erratic course to approach

Dolphin activity preceding encounter

Figure 6: Percentage of boat encounters that results in a change in behaviour, in comparison with 3 variables: boat type, boat behaviour & dolphin activity

Boat type has a significant effect on dolphin reaction $(x^2 = 13.3840, df = 5, p=0.02)$. Reactions were greatest with speed boats and least with motor boats (mainly regular trip boats)

Boat behaviour significantly influences dolphin reaction (x^2 = 89.5175, df= 3, p<0.0001). When boats do not approach erratically or slow down or stop there is little reaction. Changing course in an unpredictable manner leads to the greatest reactions.

Dolphin activity significantly affects reaction to vessels (x^2 = 43.0646, df= 2, p<0.0001). Animals that are resting are most likely to be disturbed. Those foraging are the least likely to change their behaviour.

Conclusions

- Presence of bottlenose dolphins in New Quay harbour has increased since 2005 despite fluctuating levels of boat activity
- There is no correlation between levels of boat traffic and presence of dolphins
- · Dolphins use the site primarily for feeding
- 19% of boat encounters resulted in a change in behaviour. Boat type, boat behaviour and dolphin activity significantly influence dolphin reactions to boat

These conclusions suggest that dolphins are relatively undisturbed by boat activity in New Quay harbour and continue to use the site as a feeding ground despite the high levels of traffic.

Acknowledgements

Many thanks to all the SWF volunteers & staff that took part in the data collection, and to Pia Anderwald for statistical advice.